

Using consensus molecular docking for the discovery of Wee1 inhibitors in the context of cancer

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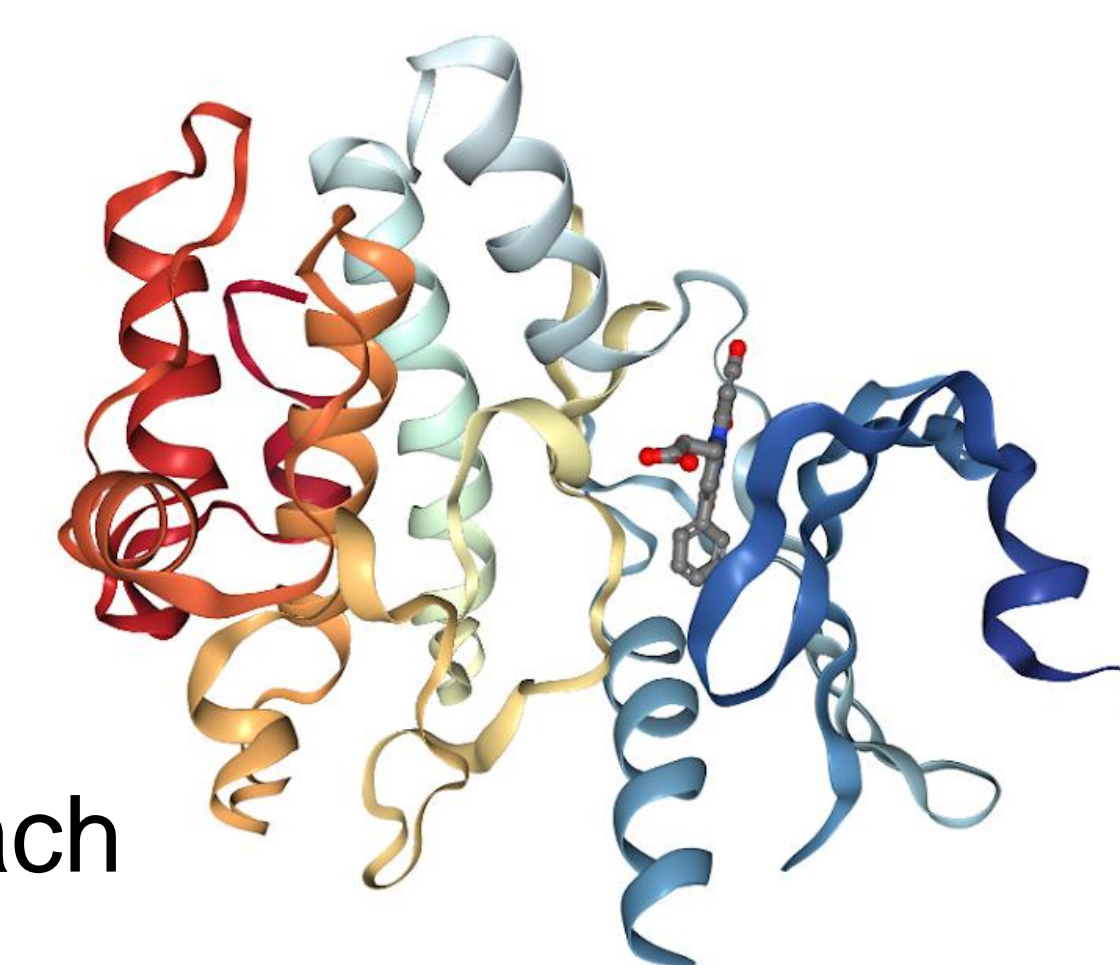
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Abstract

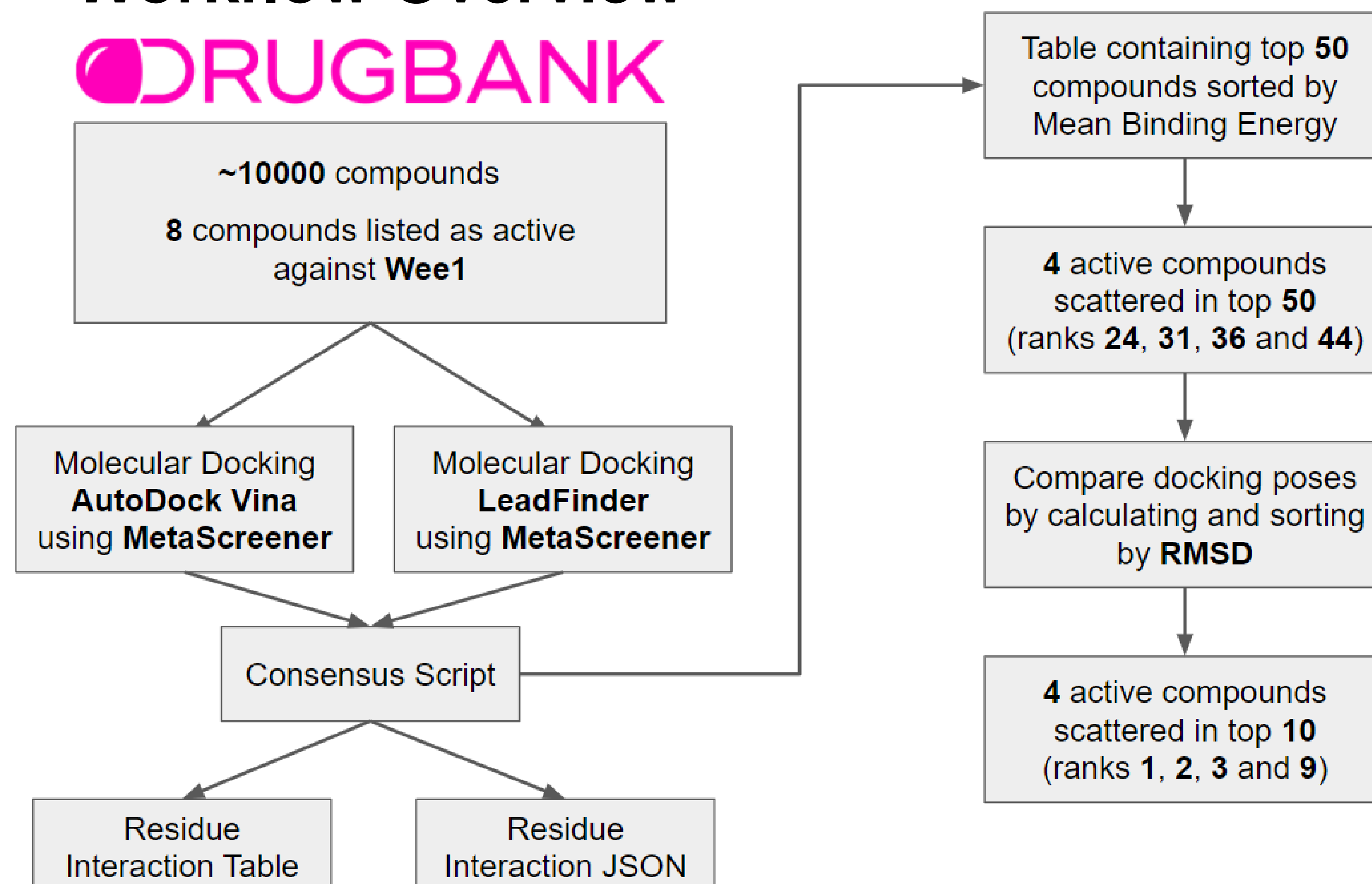
- Structural drug discovery methods such as molecular docking can have quite variable results
- Consensus docking can lower this variability, leading to less false positives
- In this study, consensus docking was successfully utilized to perform a virtual screening of the DrugBank library for Wee1

Wee1

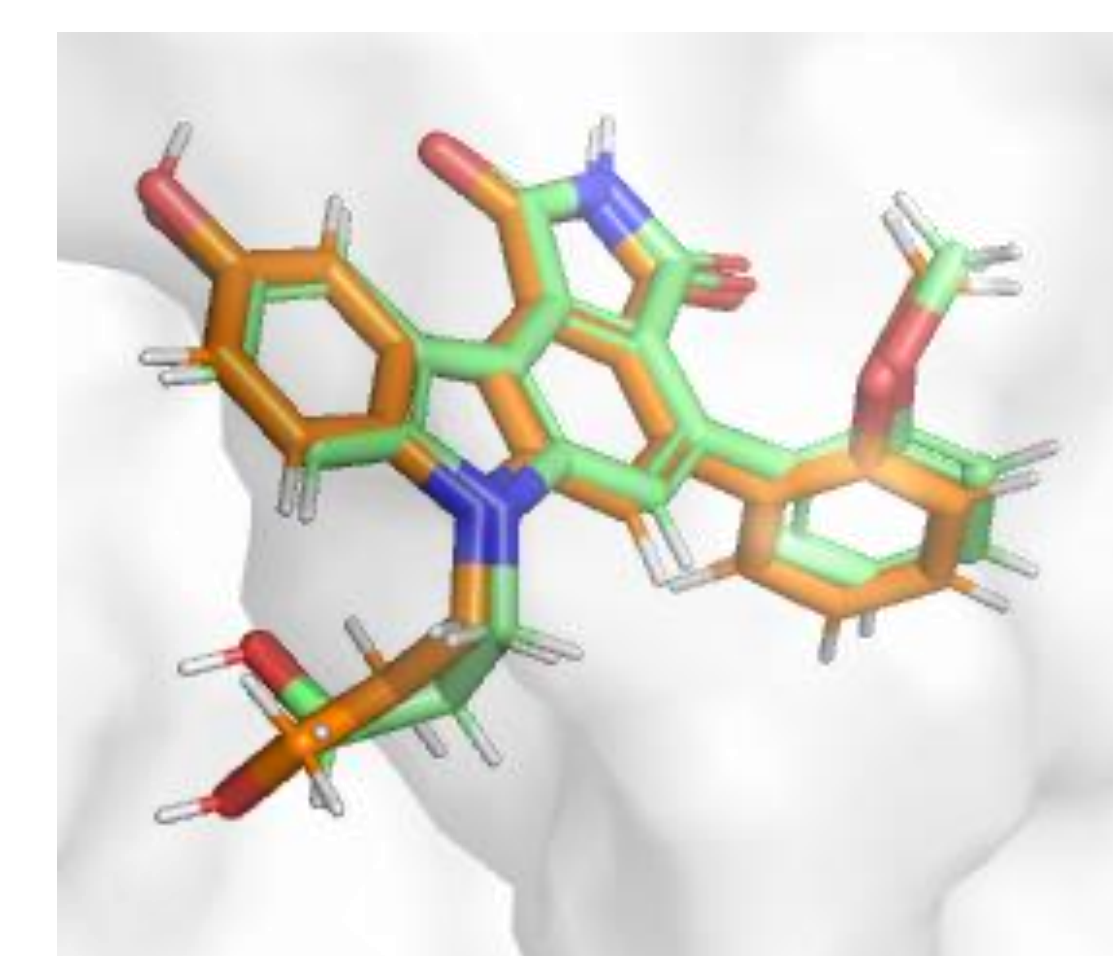
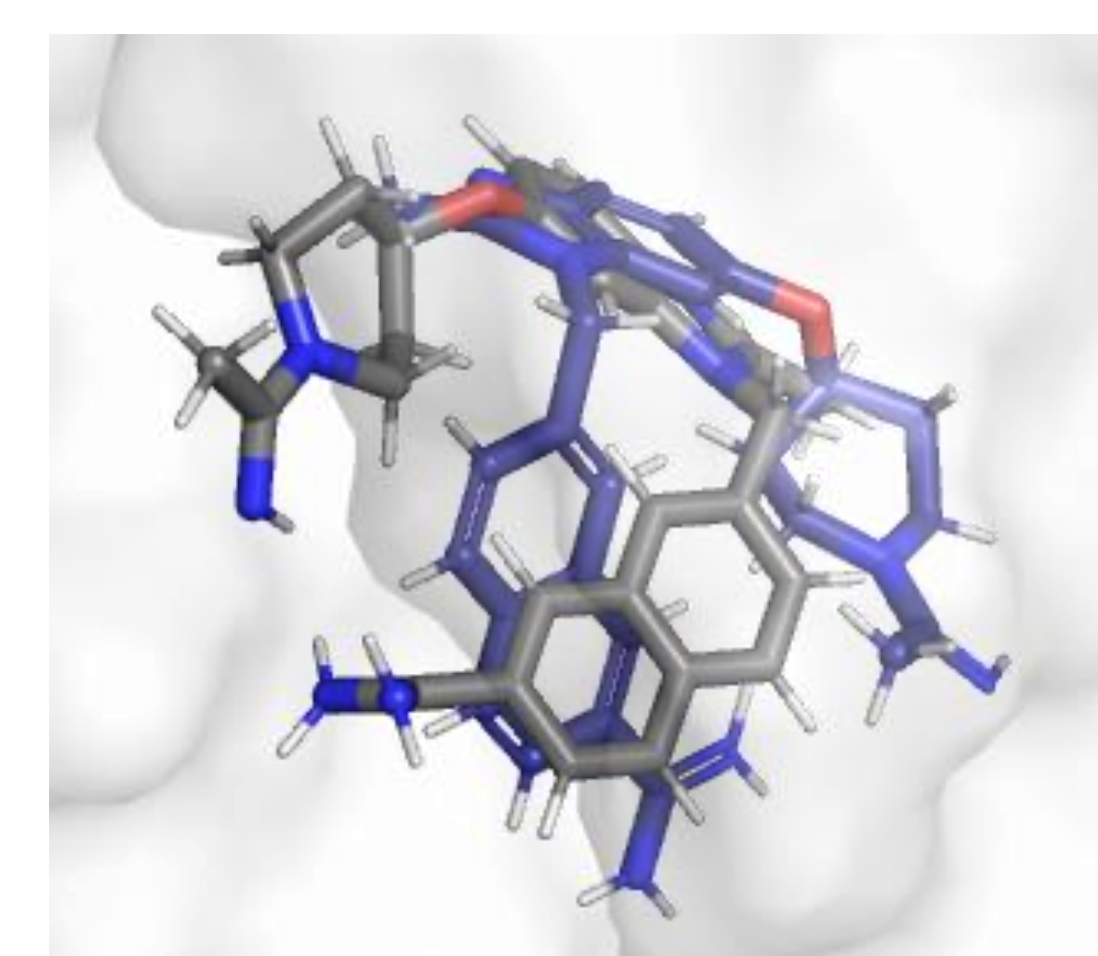
- Important regulator during cell division checkpoint
- Target for inhibition as a cancer treatment
- Case study target for the consensus docking approach



Workflow Overview



Consensus of predicted binding poses



- DB03373
- RMSD ~ 6,5 Å
- Bad consensus
- Lower confidence result

- DB07006
- RMSD ~ 0,5 Å
- Good consensus
- Higher Confidence result

Consensus Script Output

| | GLU303 | ILE305 | SER307 | GLU309 | PHE310 | VAL313 |
|------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| DB11847_AD | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| DB11847_LF | 0 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 2 |
| DB12892_AD | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| DB12892_LF | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| DB12678_AD | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 2 |
| DB12678_LF | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 2 |

```

    "DB11847": {
      "AD": {
        "HydrophobicInteractions": [
          "ILE305",
          "ALA326",
          "LYS328",
          "PHE433"
        ],
        "HydrogenBonds": [
          "LYS328",
          "GLU346",
          "CYS379",
          "SER430"
        ],
        "piStacking": [
          "PHE310",
          "PHE433",
          "PHE433"
        ]
      }
    },
  
```

| Mixed Rank | Ligand Name | Mean Binding Energy | Mean Rank | RMSD | AD Rank | AD Binding Energy | LF Rank | LF Binding energy |
|------------|-------------|---------------------|-----------|---------|---------|-------------------|---------|-------------------|
| CL_1 | DB11847 | -11.705 | 49 | 1.2369 | 78 | -10.9 | 20 | -12.51 |
| CL_2 | DB12892 | -11.645 | 93.5 | 4.26647 | 179 | -10.64 | 8 | -12.65 |
| CL_3 | DB12678 | -11.555 | 43.5 | 7.75356 | 32 | -11.1 | 55 | -12.01 |
| CL_4 | DB15426 | -11.485 | 52 | 10.502 | 19 | -11.15 | 85 | -11.82 |

Conclusions

- As demonstrated here for Wee1, using RMSD as a consensus metric can be used to enrich for higher confidence results
- Using this workflow, additional useful information like predicted residue interactions can be generated
- Workflow of postprocessing after MetaScreener is still in development, but already used extensively in-house

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References

- (1) DrugBank: <https://doi.org/10.1093/nar/gkx1037>
- (2) AutoDock Vina: <https://doi.org/10.1002/jcc.21334>
- (3) LeadFinder: <https://doi.org/10.1021/ci800166p>
- (4) MetaScreener: <https://github.com/bio-hpc/metascreeener>

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